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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/708,299	02/23/2004	Hsiao-Wei Chu	12487-US-PA	2298
31561	7590 12/08/2006		EXAMINER	
JIANQ CHYUN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFICE			TRAN, DALENA	
7 FLOOR-1, ROOSEVEL	, NO. 100 LT ROAD, SECTION 2		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
TAIPEI, 100			3661	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/708,299	CHU ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Dalena Tran	3661			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		•			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Fe This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-14 and 18-22 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 15-17 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the order action. The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner 11)	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the priorical strategy 	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te			

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DETAILED ACTION

Notice to Applicant(s)

1. This application has been examined. Claims 1-22 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-7, 9, 11, and 21-22, are rejected under 35 U.S.C.103(a) as being unpatentable over Breed et al. (6526352) in view of Ashizaki et al. (6829430).

As per claim 1, Breed et al. disclose a method of constructing a personal map database, comprising: providing positioning device having a positioning functionality installed in an automobile (see columns 32-33, lines 60-8); setting the automobile into motion along a path towards a destination; recording a plurality of points along the path, wherein a time each point was recorded is recorded (see column 32, lines 5-43); taking one or more pictures along the path to the destination; merging the picture(s) into the positioning data to generate a personal map database; and generating a personal map using the personal map database (see columns 31-32, lines 45-4). Breed et al. do not disclose recorded and store the time. However, Ashizaki et al. disclose recorded points and the time are stored as a positioning data (see column 2, lines 17-34; columns 6-7, lines 24-25; columns 11-13, lines 56-35; and columns 14-15, lines 64-22). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to

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modify the teach of Breed et al. by combining recorded and store the time for recording position data and specify when the camera takes pictures of the traveling route.

As per claims 2-3, Ashizaki et al. disclose the picture(s) are taken at one or more locations along the path corresponding to one or more recorded points, wherein the picture comprises a data including time the picture was taken (see column 2, lines 17-34; columns 6-7, lines 24-25; columns 11-13, lines 56-35; and columns 14-15, lines 64-22).

Also, as per claim 7, Ashizaki et al. disclose the recorded points are manually recorded (see columns 11-13, lines 56-35).

As per claim 4, Breed et al. disclose the picture is taken by using a digital camera (see column 33, lines 32-41).

As per claim 5, Breed et al. disclose the recorded points are automatically recorded at a predetermined interval of time (see columns 47-49, lines 54-9).

As per claim 6, Breed et al. disclose the recorded points are automatically recorded at a predetermined interval of distance (see columns 32-33, lines 60-8).

As per claim 9, Breed et al. disclose a space is generated near each recorded points for displaying a time when the corresponding recorded points (see columns 57-59, lines 54-4).

As per claim 11, Breed et al. disclose wherein the space near each recorded position include a time the recorded points were recorded and or a distance relative to the starting point or the current position of the positioning device (see columns 47-49, lines 54-9).

As per claim 21, Breed et al. disclose the positioning device comprises a standard automobile positioning device having GPS functionality (see column 32, lines 44-59).

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As per claim 22, Breed et al. disclose the positioning device comprises a mobile phone system (see columns 53-54, lines 60-45).

4. Claims 8, 14, and 19, are rejected under 35 U.S.C.103(a) as being unpatentable over Breed et al. (6526352), and Ashizaki et al. (6829430) as applied to claims 1, and 13 above, and further in view of Miwa (6912463).

As per claim 8, Breed et al., and Ashizaki et al. do not disclose uploading the positioning data and pictures into a data processing device. However, Miwa discloses uploading the positioning data into a data processing device, uploading the pictures into the data processing device, and merging the pictures into the positioning data (see columns 7-8, lines 65-67; and columns 9-10, lines 14-15). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teach of Breed et al., and Ashizaki et al. by combining uploading the positioning data and pictures into a data processing device to create a track list of mark point on the travel route.

Also, as per claim 14, Miwa discloses executing a software for displaying the pictures representing one or more recreation spots (see columns 6-7, lines 26-19); and selecting one or more pictures by clicking on the pictures to generate the personal map leading to the selected to recreation spots represented by the pictures, wherein a small icon is generated on or near a coordinate on locations corresponding to the selected recreation spots (see columns 7-8, lines 65-67; and columns 9-10, lines 14-15).

Claim 19, is a device claim corresponding to method claims 1 and 8 above.

Therefore, it is rejected for the same rationales set forth as above.

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5. Claims 10, 18, and 20, are rejected under 35 U.S.C.103(a) as being unpatentable over Breed et al. (6526352), Ashizaki et al. (6829430), and Miwa (6912463) as applied to claims 1, 8, and 19 above, and further in view of Robinson et al. (6778903).

As per claims 10, and 18, Breed et al., Ashizaki et al., and Miwa do not disclose PDA. However, Robinson et al. disclose the data processing device is selected from a group consisting a Personal Computer (PC), a Personal Digital Assistance (PDA), and a portable computer (see columns 2-3, lines 66-51; and column 5, lines 24-38). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teach of Breed et al., Ashizaki et al., and Miwa by combining PDA for recording vehicle position and navigation.

Claim 20, is a device claim corresponding to method claim 10 above. Therefore, it is rejected for the same rationales set forth as above.

6. Claims 12-13, are rejected under 35 U.S.C.103(a) as being unpatentable over Breed et al. (6526352), and Ashizaki et al. (6829430) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Richton (6199010).

As per claims 12-13, Breed et al., and Ashizaki et al. do not disclose recreation spots. However, Richton discloses the picture(s) represent one or more recreation spots, and searching a personal map leading to one or more recreation spots (see column 3, lines 1-57; and columns 4-5, lines 52-29). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teach of Breed et al., and Ashizaki et al., by combining recreation spots for recording personal trips information.

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7. Claims 15-17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the

base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

. Ichihara et al. (US 2002/0188390A1)

. Alumbaugh (6278938)

. Katayama et al. (6662102)

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dalena Tran whose telephone number is 571-272-6968. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:30 AM-4:00 PM), off every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Black can be reached on 571-272-6956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call

800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Patent Examiner

Dalena Tran

December 7, 2006